

# C++ MOCK TEST

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This section presents you various set of Mock Tests related to **C++ Framework**. You can download these sample mock tests at your local machine and solve offline at your convenience. Every mock test is supplied with a mock test key to let you verify the final score and grade yourself.



## C++ MOCK TEST III

**Q 1 - Choose the option not applicable for the constructor.**

- A - Cannot be called explicitly.
- B - Cannot be overloaded.
- C - Cannot be overridden.
- D - None of the above.

**Q 2 - An array can be passed to the function with call by value mechanism.**

- A - True
- B - False

**Q 3 - A C++ program statements can be commented using**

- A - Single line comment
- B - Multi line comment
- C - Either *a* or *b*
- D - Both *a* and *b*.

**Q 4 - HAS-A relationship between the classes is shown through.**

- A - Inheritance
- B - Container classes
- C - Polymorphism
- D - None of the above.

**Q 5 - What is a generic class.**

- A - Function template
- B - Class template
- B - Inherited class
- B - None of the above.

**Q 6 - What is the full form of STL?**

- A - Standard template library.
- B - System template library.
- C - Standard topics library.
- D - None of the above.

**Q 7 - Which type of data file is analogous to an audio cassette tape?**

- A - Random access file
- B - Sequential access file
- C - Binary file
- D - Source code file

**Q 8 - i) single file can be opened by several streams simultaneously.**

**ii) several files simultaneously can be opened by a single stream**

- A - *i* and *ii* are true
- B - *i* and *ii* are false
- C - Only *i* is true
- D - Only *ii* is true

**Q 9 - With respect to streams >> operator is called as**

- A - Insertion operator
- B - Extraction operator
- C - Right shift operator
- D - Left shift operator

**Q 10 - *i* 'ios' is the base class of 'istream'**

***ii* All the files are classified into only 2 types. 1 Text Files 2 Binary Files.**

- A - Only *i* is true
- B - Only *ii* is true
- C - Both *i* & *ii* are true
- D - Both *i* & *ii* are false

**Q 11 - An exception is \_\_**

- A - Runtime error
- B - Compile time error
- C - Logical error
- D - None of the above

**Q 12 - i) Exception handling technically provides multi branching.**

**ii) Exception handling can be mimicked using 'goto' construct.**

- A - Only *i* is true
- B - Only *ii* is true
- C - Both *i* & *ii* are true
- D - Both *i* & *ii* are false

**Q 13 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>

using namespace std;
main()
{
    const int a = 5;

    a++;
    cout<<a;
}
```

- A - 5
- B - 6
- C - Runtime error
- D - Compile error

**Q 14 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>

using namespace std;
main()
{
    char s[] = "hello", t[] = "hello";
    if(s==t)
```

```
    cout<<"equal strings";  
}
```

- A - Equal strings
- B - Unequal strings
- C - No output
- D - Compilation error

**Q 15 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>  
  
using namespace std;  
main()  
{  
    enum {  
        india, is = 7, GREAT  
    };  
  
    cout<<india<<" "<<GREAT;  
}
```

- A - 0 1
- B - 0 2
- C - 0 8
- D - Compile error

**Q 16 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>  
  
using namespace std;  
main()  
{  
    short unsigned int i = 0;  
  
    cout<<i--;  
}
```

- A - 0
- B - Compile error
- C - 65535
- D - 32767

**Q 17 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>  
  
using namespace std;  
main()  
{  
    int x = 5;
```

```

if(x==5)
{
    if(x==5) break;
    cout<<"Hello";
}

    cout<<"Hi";
}

```

- A - Compile error
- B - Hi
- C - HelloHi
- D - Hello

**Q 18 - What is the output of the following program?**

```

#include<isotream>

using namespace std;
void f() {
    static int i;

    ++i;
    cout<<i<<" ";
}
main()
{
    f();
    f();
    f();
}

```

- A - 1 1 1
- B - 0 0 0
- C - 3 2 1
- D - 1 2 3

**Q 19 - What is the output of the following program?**

```

#include<isotream>

using namespace std;
void f() {
    cout<<"Hello"<<endl;
}
main()
{
}

```

- A - No output
- B - Error, as the function is not called.
- C - Error, as the function is defined without its declaration
- D - Error, as the main function is left empty

**Q 20 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>

using namespace std;
main()
{
    int x = 1;

    switch(x)
    {
        default: cout<<"Hello";
        case 1: cout<<"Hi"; break;
    }
}
```

- A - Hello
- B - Hi
- C - HelloHi
- D - Compile error

**Q 21 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>

using namespace std;
void swap(int m, int n)
{
    int x = m;

    m = n;
    n = x;
}
main()
{
    int x = 5, y = 3;

    swap(x,y);
    cout<<x<<" "<<y;
}
```

- A - 3 5
- B - 5 3
- C - 5 5
- D - Compile error

**Q 22 - What will be the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>
#include<string.h>

using namespace std;
main()
{
    cout<<strcmp("strcmp()", "strcmp()");
}
```

```
}
```

A - 0

B - 1

C - -1

D - Invalid use of strcmp function

**Q 23 - What is the output of the following program?**

```
#include<isostream>

using namespace std;
main()
{
    int r, x = 2;

    float y = 5;

    r = y%x;
    cout<<r;
}
```

A - 1

B - 0

C - 2

D - Compile error

**Q 24 - What is the size of the following union definition?**

```
#include<isostream>

using namespace std;
main()
{
    union abc {
        char a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h;

        int i;
    };
    cout<<sizeof(abc);
}
```

A - 1

B - 2

C - 4

D - 8

**Q 25 - What is the size of 'int'?**

A - 2

B - 4

C - 8

D - Compiler dependent

## ANSWER SHEET

Question Number	Answer Key
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1	C
2	B
3	D
4	B
5	B
6	A
7	B
8	C
9	B
10	C
11	A
12	A
13	D
14	C
15	C
16	A
17	A
18	D
19	A
20	B
21	B
22	A
23	D
24	C
25	D